

POLARIS GROUP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

POLARIS GROUP
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS'
REPORT
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Polaris Group

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Polaris Group and subsidiaries (the “Group”) as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's consolidated financial statements of the current period are stated as follows:

Key audit matter - impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment

Description

The Group is primarily engaged in the research and development of new drugs. The property, plant and equipment currently purchased are mainly used for the purposes of research and development or future production and their utilisation is closely related to the results of the Company's research and development of new drug. The property, plant and equipment amounted to NT\$1,300,049 thousand, constituting 14% of the consolidated total assets as at December 31, 2022. Refer to Notes 4(12) and 4(15) for the accounting policies on the acquisition and subsequent measurement of the property, plant and equipment, Note 5 for the accounting estimation uncertainty of property, plant and equipment and Notes 6(6) and 6(8) for the details and related impairment amount of property, plant and equipment. The management of the Group assesses the recoverable amounts of the property, plant and equipment where there is an indication that they are impaired as the basis of impairment assessment under IAS 36 'Impairment of Assets'. Given that the calculation of recoverable amount is considered to be a critical accounting estimate, involves the management's subjective judgement and contains uncertainty, we consider the impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment a key audit matter of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 based on the overall assessment.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

1. Obtained an understanding on and assessed the related policies and procedures of the Group's impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment and obtained an understanding on the Group's procedures of assessing whether there is any indication that each cash-generating unit may be impaired and assessed the reasonableness of the procedures.
2. Obtained an assets appraisal report issued by an external expert appointed by the Group for the cash-generating units with indications of impairment.
3. Conducted the following audit procedures of impairment test in accordance with the assets appraisal report issued by an external expert appointed by the Group:

- (1) Obtained an understanding on and assessed the independence, objectivity and competence of the external expert.
- (2) Obtained an understanding on and assessed the reasonableness of the valuation method adopted in the appraisal report.
- (3) Obtained an understanding on and assessed the reasonableness of the main valuation key assumptions adopted in the appraisal report and recalculated to ascertain the accuracy of the calculation.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the

underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

POLARIS GROUP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

| Assets | Notes | December 31, 2022 | | December 31, 2021 | | |
|--|--|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------|
| | | AMOUNT | % | AMOUNT | % | |
| Current assets | | | | | | |
| 1100 | Cash and cash equivalents | 6(1) | \$ 7,224,724 | 78 | \$ 5,877,401 | 75 |
| 1110 | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | 6(2) | 155,988 | 2 | 114,109 | 2 |
| 1170 | Accounts receivable, net | 6(3) | 461 | - | 4,930 | - |
| 1200 | Other receivables | | 60 | - | 418 | - |
| 1410 | Prepayments | 6(4) | 153,825 | 2 | 18,954 | - |
| 1476 | Other current financial assets | 6(1) and 8 | 3,036 | - | 334,141 | 4 |
| 1479 | Other current assets, others | | 2,122 | - | 37 | - |
| 11XX | Current Assets | | <u>7,540,216</u> | <u>82</u> | <u>6,349,990</u> | <u>81</u> |
| Non-current assets | | | | | | |
| 1550 | Investments accounted for using equity method | 6(5) | 60,122 | 1 | 62,352 | 1 |
| 1600 | Property, plant and equipment | 6(6)(8) | 1,300,049 | 14 | 1,297,205 | 17 |
| 1755 | Right-of-use assets | 6(7) | 287,456 | 3 | 66,982 | 1 |
| 1780 | Intangible assets | | 174 | - | 381 | - |
| 1920 | Guarantee deposits paid | 8 | 23,184 | - | 7,864 | - |
| 1990 | Other non-current assets, others | 6(9) | 8,041 | - | 37,330 | - |
| 15XX | Non-current assets | | <u>1,679,026</u> | <u>18</u> | <u>1,472,114</u> | <u>19</u> |
| 1XXX | Total assets | | <u>\$ 9,219,242</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>\$ 7,822,104</u> | <u>100</u> |
| Liabilities and Equity | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | | | | |
| 2100 | Short-term borrowings | 6(10) | \$ - | - | \$ 277,951 | 4 |
| 2200 | Other payables | 6(11) | 130,057 | 2 | 138,652 | 2 |
| 2280 | Current lease liabilities | | 32,635 | - | 20,167 | - |
| 2320 | Long-term liabilities, current portion | 6(12) | 88,138 | 1 | - | - |
| 21XX | Current Liabilities | | <u>250,830</u> | <u>3</u> | <u>436,770</u> | <u>6</u> |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | | | |
| 2540 | Long-term borrowings | 6(12) | 30,848 | - | 117,261 | 2 |
| 2580 | Non-current lease liabilities | | 230,997 | 3 | 21,371 | - |
| 2670 | Other non-current liabilities, others | 6(13) | 32,510 | - | 32,825 | - |
| 25XX | Non-current liabilities | | <u>294,355</u> | <u>3</u> | <u>171,457</u> | <u>2</u> |
| 2XXX | Total Liabilities | | <u>545,185</u> | <u>6</u> | <u>608,227</u> | <u>8</u> |
| Equity attributable to owners of parent | | | | | | |
| Share capital | | | | | | |
| 3110 | Ordinary share | 6(16) | 7,420,484 | 81 | 7,188,451 | 92 |
| | Capital surplus | 6(17) | | | | |
| 3200 | Capital surplus | | 11,476,142 | 124 | 9,824,000 | 126 |
| | Retained earnings | 6(18) | | | | |
| 3350 | Accumulated deficit | | (10,572,795) | (115) | (9,422,362) | (121) |
| Other equity interest | | | | | | |
| 3400 | Other equity interest | | 350,226 | 4 | (376,212) | (5) |
| 3XXX | Total equity | | <u>8,674,057</u> | <u>94</u> | <u>7,213,877</u> | <u>92</u> |
| | Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognised contract commitments | 9 | | | | |
| | Significant events after the balance sheet date | 11 | | | | |
| 3X2X | Total liabilities and equity | | <u>\$ 9,219,242</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>\$ 7,822,104</u> | <u>100</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

POLARIS GROUP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except loss per share)

| | Items | Notes | Year ended December 31 | | | |
|------|---|-----------|------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------|
| | | | 2022 | | 2021 | |
| | | | AMOUNT | % | AMOUNT | % |
| 4000 | Operating revenue | 6(19) | \$ 6,439 | - | \$ 15,041 | 2 |
| 5000 | Operating costs | 6(22)(23) | (5,024) | - | (12,944) | (2) |
| 5900 | Gross profit from operations | | <u>1,415</u> | - | <u>2,097</u> | - |
| | Operating expenses | 6(22)(23) | | | | |
| 6200 | Administrative expenses | | (234,991) | (21) | (179,724) | (24) |
| 6300 | Research and development expenses | | (923,971) | (80) | (554,290) | (75) |
| 6000 | Total operating expenses | | (1,158,962) | (101) | (734,014) | (99) |
| 6900 | Net operating loss | | (1,157,547) | (101) | (731,917) | (99) |
| | Non-operating income and expenses | | | | | |
| 7100 | Interest income | | 64,739 | 6 | 7,892 | 1 |
| 7020 | Other gains and losses | 6(20) | (32,285) | (3) | 8,191 | 1 |
| 7050 | Finance costs | 6(21) | (11,051) | (1) | (14,674) | (2) |
| 7060 | Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method | 6(5) | (8,755) | (1) | (9,202) | (1) |
| 7000 | Total non-operating income and expenses | | <u>12,648</u> | <u>1</u> | (7,793) | (1) |
| 7900 | Loss before income tax | | (1,144,899) | (100) | (739,710) | (100) |
| 7950 | Income tax expense | 6(24) | (5,534) | - | (777) | - |
| 8200 | Loss for the year | | <u>(\$ 1,150,433)</u> | <u>(100)</u> | <u>(\$ 740,487)</u> | <u>(100)</u> |
| | Components of other comprehensive income, net, that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | | | | |
| 8361 | Exchange differences on translation | | \$ 835,691 | 73 | (\$ 135,663) | (18) |
| | Components of other comprehensive income, net, that will be reclassified to profit or loss | | | | | |
| 8361 | Exchange differences on translation | | (109,253) | (9) | 15,791 | 2 |
| | Other comprehensive income(loss) | | <u>\$ 726,438</u> | <u>64</u> | <u>(\$ 119,872)</u> | <u>(16)</u> |
| 8500 | Total comprehensive loss | | <u>(\$ 423,995)</u> | <u>(36)</u> | <u>(\$ 860,359)</u> | <u>(116)</u> |
| | Loss per share | | | | | |
| 9750 | Basic and diluted loss per share | 6(25) | <u>(\$ 1.57)</u> | | <u>(\$ 1.09)</u> | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

POLARIS GROUP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

| | Notes | Equity attributable to owners of the parent | | | | Total equity |
|---|-----------|---|----------------------|------------------------|--|---------------------|
| | | Share capital – ordinary share | Capital surplus | Accumulated deficit | Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations | |
| <u>2021</u> | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2021 | | \$ 6,529,014 | \$ 5,290,730 | (\$ 8,681,875) | (\$ 256,340) | \$ 2,881,529 |
| Loss for the year | | - | - | (740,487) | - | (740,487) |
| Other comprehensive loss for the year | | - | - | - | (119,872) | (119,872) |
| Total comprehensive loss | | - | - | (740,487) | (119,872) | (860,359) |
| Issuance of shares | 6(16) | 640,000 | 4,480,000 | - | - | 5,120,000 |
| Exercise of employee stock options | 6(15)(17) | 19,437 | 33,229 | - | - | 52,666 |
| Compensation cost of employee stock options | 6(15)(17) | - | 21,317 | - | - | 21,317 |
| Changes in ownership interest in associates accounted for using the equity method | 6(5)(17) | - | (1,276) | - | - | (1,276) |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | | <u>\$ 7,188,451</u> | <u>\$ 9,824,000</u> | <u>(\$ 9,422,362)</u> | <u>(\$ 376,212)</u> | <u>\$ 7,213,877</u> |
| <u>2022</u> | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2022 | | <u>\$ 7,188,451</u> | <u>\$ 9,824,000</u> | <u>(\$ 9,422,362)</u> | <u>(\$ 376,212)</u> | <u>\$ 7,213,877</u> |
| Loss for the year | | - | - | (1,150,433) | - | (1,150,433) |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | | - | - | - | 726,438 | 726,438 |
| Total comprehensive income(loss) | | - | - | (1,150,433) | 726,438 | (423,995) |
| Issuance of shares | 6(16) | 200,000 | 1,528,539 | - | - | 1,728,539 |
| Exercise of employee stock options | 6(15)(17) | 32,033 | 52,081 | - | - | 84,114 |
| Compensation cost of employee stock options | 6(15)(17) | - | 71,522 | - | - | 71,522 |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | | <u>\$ 7,420,484</u> | <u>\$ 11,476,142</u> | <u>(\$ 10,572,795)</u> | <u>\$ 350,226</u> | <u>\$ 8,674,057</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

POLARIS GROUP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

| | Notes | Year ended December 31 | |
|--|-------------|------------------------|----------------|
| | | 2022 | 2021 |
| <u>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</u> | | | |
| Loss before tax | | (\$ 1,144,899) | (\$ 739,710) |
| Adjustments | | | |
| Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) | | | |
| Depreciation expense | 6(6)(7)(22) | 143,502 | 153,859 |
| Amortisation expense | 6(22) | 213 | 210 |
| Impairment loss | 6(8)(20) | - | 75,368 |
| Compensation cost of employee stock options | 6(15)(23) | 37,507 | 48,026 |
| Interest expense | 6(21) | 11,051 | 14,674 |
| Interest revenue | | (64,739) | (7,892) |
| Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment | | 570 | 409 |
| Loss on valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 6(2)(20) | 18,408 | 1,992 |
| Share of loss of associates accounted for using the equity method | | 8,755 | 9,202 |
| Income from Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loan forgiveness | | - | (65,396) |
| Gain in government grants | | (1,630) | (820) |
| Gain on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method | 6(5)(20) | - | (18,757) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities | | | |
| Changes in operating assets | | | |
| Accounts receivable, net | 6(3) | 4,469 | (2,614) |
| Other receivables | | 358 | 5,414 |
| Prepayments | | (134,871) | (3,350) |
| Other current assets, others | | (2,085) | 78 |
| Other non-current assets, others | | 29,289 | (6,452) |
| Changes in operating liabilities | | | |
| Other payables | | 18,663 | 2,033 |
| Cash outflow generated from operations | | (1,075,439) | (533,726) |
| Income taxes paid | 6(24) | (5,534) | (777) |
| Interest paid | | (12,843) | (12,647) |
| Interest received | | 64,739 | 7,892 |
| Net cash flows used in operating activities | | (1,029,077) | (539,258) |
| <u>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</u> | | | |
| Acquisition of property, plant and equipment | 6(6)(26) | (69,633) | (204,343) |
| Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 6(2) | (47,546) | (57,893) |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment | | 172 | - |
| Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method | | - | (69,536) |
| Decrease(increase) in other current financial assets | 6(1) | 332,010 | (332,064) |
| Decrease(increase) in refundable deposits | | (15,320) | (5,961) |
| Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at amortised cost | | - | 1,688,864 |
| Net cash flows from investing activities | | 199,683 | 1,019,067 |
| <u>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</u> | | | |
| Acquisition of short-term borrowings | 6(10)(27) | - | 275,615 |
| Repayments of short-term borrowings | 6(10)(27) | (299,387) | (21,397) |
| Acquisition of long-term borrowings | 6(12)(27) | - | 29,657 |
| Repayments of long-term borrowings | 6(12) | - | (86,199) |
| Payments of lease liabilities | 6(7)(27) | (28,491) | (18,998) |
| Exercise of employee stock options | 6(16) | 84,114 | 52,666 |
| Proceeds from issuance of shares | 6(16) | 1,728,539 | 5,120,000 |
| Net cash flows from financing activities | | 1,484,775 | 5,351,344 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | | 691,942 | (104,437) |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | | 1,347,323 | 5,726,716 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | | 5,877,401 | 150,685 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | | \$ 7,224,724 | \$ 5,877,401 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

POLARIS GROUP AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. History and Organisation

THE POLARIS GROUP, LLC (Polaris Group, the “Company”) was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on February 9, 2006. The address of the Company’s registered office is PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the “Group”) are primarily engaged in the biotechnology services, drug testing, contract development and manufacturing services and research, development, manufacture and sales of new drugs. The Group’s core research is the ADI-PEG 20 which is currently undergoing human clinical trials for various cancer indications.

The review of initial application for primary listing of stock filed by the Company had been completed on March 4, 2022. The application for listing had been approved by the Board of Directors of the Taiwan Stock Exchange on March 22, 2022. The Company’s stocks have been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange on June 6, 2022.

2. The Date of Authorisation for Issuance of the Financial Statements and Procedures for Authorisation

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 9, 2023.

3. Application of New Standards, Amendments and Interpretations

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (“FSC”)

New standards, interpretations and amendments that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC effective from 2022 are as follows:

| New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments | Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board |
|---|---|
| Amendments to IFRS 3, ‘Reference to the conceptual framework’ | January 1, 2022 |
| Amendments to IAS 16, ‘Property, plant and equipment: proceeds before intended use’ | January 1, 2022 |
| Amendments to IAS 37, ‘Onerous contracts—cost of fulfilling a contract’ | January 1, 2022 |
| Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020 | January 1, 2022 |

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC effective from 2023 are as follows:

| New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments | Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board |
|--|--|
| Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies' | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates' | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction' | January 1, 2023 |

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

| New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments | Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board |
|---|--|
| Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture' | To be determined by International Accounting Standards Board |
| Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback' | January 1, 2024 |
| IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts' | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts' | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 – comparative information' | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current' | January 1, 2024 |
| Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants' | January 1, 2024 |

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers”, International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the “IFRSs”).

(2) Basis of preparation

A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:

- (a) Financial assets (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
- (b) Liabilities on cash-settled share-based payment arrangements measured at fair value.

B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the “IFRSs”) requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Notes 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:

- (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group’s consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
- (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

| Name of investor | Name of subsidiary | Main business activities | Ownership(%) | |
|------------------|---|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
| The Company | Polaris Biopharmaceuticals, Inc. | Research, development and manufacture of new drugs | 100(Note) | - |
| The Company | Polaris Pharmaceuticals, Inc. | Research and development of biotechnology | 100 | 100 |
| The Company | DesigneRx Europe Limited | Research and development of biotechnology | 100 | 100 |
| The Company | Polaris Group Korea Limited | Research and development of biotechnology | 100 | 100 |
| The Company | Polaris Pharmaceuticals Australia Pty Ltd. | Research and development of biotechnology | 100 | 100 |
| The Company | Polaris Pharmaceuticals Ireland Limited | Research and development of biotechnology | 100 | 100 |
| The Company | TDW Pharmaceuticals Inc. | Biotechnology services and medicine inspection | 100 | 100 |
| The Company | DesigneRx Pharmaceuticals, Inc. | Research, development and manufacture of new drugs | 100 | 100 |
| The Company | TDW HK Limited | Holding company | 100 | 100 |
| TDW HK Limited | DesigneRx Pharmaceuticals (Shanghai) Inc. | Research and development of new drugs | 100 | 100 |
| TDW HK Limited | DesigneRx Pharmaceuticals (Chengdu) Co., Ltd. | Research, development and manufacture of new drugs | 100 | 100 |

(Note) Polaris Biopharmaceuticals, Inc. was incorporated under approval on June 2, 2022.

C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None

D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None

E. Significant restrictions: None

F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The Group's functional currency is USD; however, the consolidated financial statements are presented in NTD under the regulations of the country where the consolidated financial statements are reported to the regulatory authorities.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet

date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

(d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and joint arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a). Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b). Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
- (c). All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:

- (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
- (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
- (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
- (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.

B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:

- (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
- (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
- (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
- (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that

meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using settlement date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.

(8) Accounts receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(9) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(10) Investments accounted for using equity method / associates

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognised at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognises change in ownership interests in the associate in 'capital surplus'

in proportion to its ownership.

- D. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for under the equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- E. Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former associate at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

(11) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Buildings | 20 ~ 50 years |
| Testing equipment | 5 ~ 10 years |
| Production equipment | 5 ~ 10 years |
| Computer equipment | 3 ~ 7 years |
| Office equipment | 3 ~ 7 years |
| Leasehold improvement | The shorter of useful lives and lease terms |

(12) Leasing arrangements (lessee) – right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities

A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of the following:

(a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable; and

(b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:

(a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;

(b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date;

(c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and

(d) An estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset and remeasure the lease liability to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference in profit or loss.

(13) Intangible assets

Intangible assets, mainly computer software acquired externally, are stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 3 years.

(14) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment

loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

(15) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(16) Notes and accounts payable

A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.

B. The Group initially measures notes and accounts payable at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. However, short-term notes payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(17) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

C. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is paid by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the fair value per share estimated using a valuation technique specified in IFRS 2, 'Share-based Payment'

(18) Employee share-based payment

A. For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date, and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service

conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognised is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

- B. For the cash-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received and the liability incurred are measured at fair value of the liability to pay for those services, and are recognised as compensation cost and liability over the vesting period. The fair value of the liability shall be remeasured at each balance sheet date until settled at the settlement date, with any changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

(19) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognised for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from acquisitions of equipment or technology, research and development expenditures and equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised.

(20) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(21) Revenue recognition

The Group provides biopharmaceutical manufacturing services to the customers. Operating revenue is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognised based on the actual cost of services provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total cost of services to be provided. The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule. If the services rendered exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognised. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognised.

(22) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Government grants related to property, plant and equipment are recognised as non-current liabilities and are amortised to profit or loss over the estimated useful lives of the related assets using the straight-line method.

(23) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Group's chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. Critical Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Key Sources of Assumption Uncertainty

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Impairment assessment of tangible assets

The Group assesses impairment based on its subjective judgement and determines the separate cash flows of a specific group of assets, useful lives of assets and the future possible income and expenses arising from the assets depending on how assets are utilised and industrial characteristics. Any changes of economic circumstances or estimates due to the change of Group strategy might cause material impairment on assets in the future.

As of December 31, 2022, the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment was \$1,300,049. There was no impairment loss recognised for the year ended December 31, 2022.

6. Details of Significant Accounts

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Cash on hand | \$ 167 | \$ 147 |
| Checking accounts and demand deposits | 551,788 | 479,654 |
| Time deposits | <u>6,672,769</u> | <u>5,397,600</u> |
| | <u>\$ 7,224,724</u> | <u>\$ 5,877,401</u> |

A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

B. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, cash and cash equivalents that were pledged to others as collateral and classified as other current financial assets amounted to \$16,036 and \$334,141, respectively. Refer to Notes 6(10) and 8 for details.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Current items: | | |
| Unlisted stocks | \$ 49,998 | \$ 45,065 |
| Corporate bonds | 79,545 | 27,414 |
| Beneficiary certificates | <u>49,062</u> | <u>44,222</u> |
| | 178,605 | 116,701 |
| Valuation adjustment | <u>(22,617)</u> | <u>(2,592)</u> |
| | <u>\$ 155,988</u> | <u>\$ 114,109</u> |

(3) Accounts receivable

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Accounts receivable | \$ 461 | \$ 4,930 |

The Group had no accounts receivable that were past due on December 31, 2022 and 2021.

(4) Prepayments

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Prepaid clinical trial | \$ 123,972 | \$ 6,921 |
| Others | 29,853 | 12,033 |
| | <u>\$ 153,825</u> | <u>\$ 18,954</u> |

In order to actively expand the clinical trials of Globlastoma, the Company's US subsidiary, Polaris Pharmaceuticals, Inc., entered into a clinical trial contract with a research institution in the current year.

(5) Investments accounted for using equity method

| | <u>Year ended December 31</u> | |
|--|-------------------------------|------------------|
| | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
| At January 1 | \$ 62,352 | \$ 39,552 |
| Addition of investments accounted for using equity method | - | 61,972 |
| Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method | - | (27,103) |
| Share of profit or loss of investments accounted for using equity method | (8,755) | (9,202) |
| Capital surplus - recognition of changes in ownership interest in associates accounted for using the equity method not proportionately to interest (Notes 6(17)) | - | (1,276) |
| Net exchange differences | 6,525 | (1,591) |
| At December 31 | <u>\$ 60,122</u> | <u>\$ 62,352</u> |

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Nanotein Technologies, Inc. | <u>\$ 60,122</u> | <u>\$ 62,352</u> |

Associates

A. For the abovementioned investments accounted for using the equity method, the balances on December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$60,122 and \$62,352, respectively, and the comprehensive losses recognised for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$8,755 and \$9,202 respectively.

B. The basic information of the Group's associates is as follows:

| <u>Company name</u> | <u>business</u> | <u>Shareholding ratio</u> | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| | | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
| Nanotein Technologies, Inc. | California, US | 41.00% | 41.00% |

C. The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results are summarised below:

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the carrying amount of the net assets of the Group's individually immaterial associates amounted to \$74,102 and \$86,698, respectively.

| | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 |
| Loss for the period from continuing operations | (\$ 21,466) | (\$ 27,862) |

D. The Group holds 41% of Nanotein Technologies, Inc.'s ordinary shares outstanding. However, the Group assessed that it has significant influence but no control over the investee considering it only holds 1/3 of the seats in the investee's Board of Directors.

(6) Property, plant and equipment

| | 2022 | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------------|
| | Land | Buildings | Testing equipment | Transportation equipment | Office equipment | Leasehold improvement | Unfinished construction and equipment under acceptance | Total |
| At January 1 | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | \$ 163,511 | \$ 981,184 | \$ 573,302 | \$ 3,438 | \$ 16,424 | \$ 373,543 | \$ 22,053 | \$ 2,133,455 |
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment | - | (118,684) | (400,282) | (3,266) | (13,934) | (300,084) | - | (836,250) |
| | <u>\$ 163,511</u> | <u>\$ 862,500</u> | <u>\$ 173,020</u> | <u>\$ 172</u> | <u>\$ 2,490</u> | <u>\$ 73,459</u> | <u>\$ 22,053</u> | <u>\$ 1,297,205</u> |
| Opening net book amount as at January 1 | \$ 163,511 | \$ 862,500 | \$ 173,020 | \$ 172 | \$ 2,490 | \$ 73,459 | \$ 22,053 | \$ 1,297,205 |
| Additions | - | - | 12,552 | - | 1,291 | 698 | 56,241 | 70,782 |
| Disposals | - | - | (742) | - | - | - | - | (742) |
| Transfers | - | - | 33,751 | - | 5,626 | 4,843 | (44,220) | - |
| Depreciation charge | - | (21,563) | (38,219) | - | (1,164) | (50,691) | - | (111,637) |
| Net exchange differences | 17,898 | 12,652 | 5,487 | 3 | 36 | 6,148 | 2,217 | 44,441 |
| Closing net book amount as at December 31 | <u>\$ 181,409</u> | <u>\$ 853,589</u> | <u>\$ 185,849</u> | <u>\$ 175</u> | <u>\$ 8,279</u> | <u>\$ 34,457</u> | <u>\$ 36,291</u> | <u>\$ 1,300,049</u> |
| At December 31 | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | \$ 181,409 | \$ 995,619 | \$ 651,830 | \$ 3,489 | \$ 23,715 | \$ 419,877 | \$ 36,291 | \$ 2,312,230 |
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment | - | (142,030) | (465,981) | (3,314) | (15,436) | (385,420) | - | (1,012,181) |
| | <u>\$ 181,409</u> | <u>\$ 853,589</u> | <u>\$ 185,849</u> | <u>\$ 175</u> | <u>\$ 8,279</u> | <u>\$ 34,457</u> | <u>\$ 36,291</u> | <u>\$ 1,300,049</u> |

| | 2021 | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------------|
| | Land | Buildings | Testing equipment | Transportation equipment | Office equipment | Leasehold improvement | Unfinished construction and equipment under acceptance | Total |
| At January 1 | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | \$ - | \$ 988,952 | \$ 575,060 | \$ 5,535 | \$ 16,642 | \$ 400,559 | \$ 8,655 | \$ 1,995,403 |
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment | - | (21,172) | (355,891) | (5,259) | (14,547) | (276,336) | - | (673,205) |
| | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 967,780</u> | <u>\$ 219,169</u> | <u>\$ 276</u> | <u>\$ 2,095</u> | <u>\$ 124,223</u> | <u>\$ 8,655</u> | <u>\$ 1,322,198</u> |
| Opening net book amount as at January 1 | \$ - | \$ 967,780 | \$ 219,169 | \$ 276 | \$ 2,095 | \$ 124,223 | \$ 8,655 | \$ 1,322,198 |
| Additions | 164,402 | - | 2,695 | - | 593 | - | 31,292 | 198,982 |
| Disposals | - | - | (273) | (102) | (34) | - | - | (409) |
| Transfers | - | - | 16,823 | - | 871 | - | 17,694 | - |
| Depreciation charge | - | (22,396) | (62,690) | - | (1,007) | (47,854) | - | (133,947) |
| Impairment loss | - | (75,368) | - | - | - | - | - | (75,368) |
| Net exchange differences | (891) | (7,516) | (2,703) | (2) | (29) | (2,910) | (200) | (14,251) |
| Closing net book amount as at December 31 | <u>\$ 163,511</u> | <u>\$ 862,500</u> | <u>\$ 173,021</u> | <u>\$ 172</u> | <u>\$ 2,489</u> | <u>\$ 73,459</u> | <u>\$ 22,053</u> | <u>\$ 1,297,205</u> |
| At December 31 | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | \$ 163,511 | \$ 981,184 | \$ 573,302 | \$ 3,438 | \$ 16,424 | \$ 373,543 | \$ 22,053 | \$ 2,133,455 |
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment | - | (118,684) | (400,282) | (3,266) | (13,934) | (300,084) | - | (836,250) |
| | <u>\$ 163,511</u> | <u>\$ 862,500</u> | <u>\$ 173,020</u> | <u>\$ 172</u> | <u>\$ 2,490</u> | <u>\$ 73,459</u> | <u>\$ 22,053</u> | <u>\$ 1,297,205</u> |

A. The Group has no property, plant and equipment pledged to others.

B. Impairment information about the property, plant and equipment is provided in Notes 6(8). The accumulated impairment amount recorded as of December 31, 2022 was \$75,368.

(7) Leasing arrangements – lessee

A. The Group leases various assets including buildings, offices, land and office equipment. Except for the land use right whose lease period is 20~50 years, other rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 5 year(s). Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions.

B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise certain offices. Low-value assets comprise certain offices and office equipment.

C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Carrying amount | Carrying amount |
| Land use right | \$ 243,721 | \$ 29,449 |
| Buildings and offices | 43,735 | 37,314 |
| Office equipment | - | 219 |
| | <u>\$ 287,456</u> | <u>\$ 66,982</u> |

| | Year ended December 31, 2022 | Year ended December 31, 2021 |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | <u>Depreciation charge</u> | <u>Depreciation charge</u> |
| Land use right | \$ 9,994 | \$ 705 |
| Buildings and offices | 21,793 | 19,110 |
| Office equipment | 78 | 97 |
| | <u>\$ 31,865</u> | <u>\$ 19,912</u> |

- D. On August 6, 2013, the second-tier subsidiary of the Group, DesignRx Pharmaceuticals (Chengdu) Co., Ltd., signed a land use right contract with the People's Republic of China for the use of the land in the Southwest area of the Chengdu high-tech west zone with a term of 50 years. All rentals had been paid on the contract date.
- E. The Company planned to invest and construct a plant in Yilan Science Park through the newly established subsidiary, Polaris Biopharmaceuticals, Inc. as resolved by the Board of Directors on January 27, 2022. The subsidiary had been incorporated under approval on June 2, 2022. The Company entered into a land leasing contract with the Hsinchu Science Park Bureau, National Science and Technology Council on behalf of the subsidiary in the first quarter of 2022. The lease term is 20 years starting from March 1, 2022 to December 31, 2041. During the period of incorporation, the rental was paid by the Company in advance.
- F. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$248,951 and \$0, respectively.
- G. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

| | Year ended December 31, 2022 | Year ended December 31, 2021 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <u>Items affecting profit or loss</u> | | |
| Interest expense on lease liabilities | \$ 3,757 | \$ 2,240 |
| Expense on short-term lease contracts | 784 | 866 |
| Expense on leases of low-value assets | 449 | - |

- H. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$33,481 and \$22,105, respectively.
- I. Information about the land use right that was pledged to others as collateral is provided in Notes 8.

(8) Impairment of non-financial assets

As the impact of the Covid-19 on the Group had been gradually stabilised for the year ended December 31, 2022, the Group did not recognise impairment loss on certain property and plant in China for the current year. The recoverable amount is the property's fair value less costs of disposal, estimated in accordance with the comparison approach and replacement cost method. For the land use right, the weighted-average price of the comparison targets was calculated and the balance as of December 31, 2022 were calculated based on the remaining period of the land use right. For the buildings, their estimated economic lives are 30.8 years and the useful lives of clean rooms are 2 to 5 years. For the machinery and equipment, their estimated economic lives are 5 to 15 years based on their nature. Valuations of the non-financial assets were categorised within Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. There was no impairment for the year ended December 31, 2022. The accumulated impairment that the Group recognised amounted to \$75,368 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

The impairment loss is as follows:

| | Year ended December 31, 2022 | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | Recognised in profit or loss | Recognised in other comprehensive income |
| Impairment loss – buildings | \$ - | \$ - |

| | Year ended December 31, 2021 | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | Recognised in profit or loss | Recognised in other comprehensive income |
| Impairment loss – buildings | (\$ 75,368) | \$ - |

(9) Other non-current assets - others

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Tax retained | \$ 8,041 | \$ 37,330 |

(10) Short-term borrowings

| Type of borrowings | December 31, 2021 | Interest rate range |
|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Bank borrowings | | |
| Secured borrowings (B) | \$ 56,458 | 2.85% ~ 3.4% |
| Secured borrowings (B) | 221,493 | 3.44% ~ 3.56% |
| | <u>\$ 277,951</u> | |

A. The Group had no short-term borrowings as of December 31, 2022.

B. The borrowings were pledged by certificates of deposit and had been fully repaid on April 19, 2022.

(11) Other payables

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Payable on clinical trials and consumables | \$ 43,973 | \$ 64,338 |
| Payable on wages and salaries | 33,958 | 22,113 |
| Payable on share-based payments (Notes 6(15)) | - | 26,961 |
| Payable on construction, machinery and equipment | 3,037 | 1,543 |
| Payable on service fees | 156 | 510 |
| Others | 48,933 | 23,187 |
| | <u>\$ 130,057</u> | <u>\$ 138,652</u> |

(12) Long-term borrowings

| <u>Type of borrowings</u> | <u>Interest rate range</u> | <u>Collateral</u> | <u>December 31, 2022</u> |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Secured borrowings (A~C) | 1.80% | Land use right | \$ 118,986 |
| Less: Current portion | | | (88,138) |
| | | | <u>\$ 30,848</u> |

| <u>Type of borrowings</u> | <u>Interest rate range</u> | <u>Collateral</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Secured borrowings (A~C) | 1.80% | Land use right | \$ 117,261 |
| Less: Current portion | | | - |
| | | | <u>\$ 117,261</u> |

A. The borrowing period of the long-term borrowings is from August 23, 2016 to August 11, 2024 and the principal is repayable in 5 installments according to the agreed amounts. The Group had repaid 3 installments. The remaining 2 installments will be repaid in 2023 and 2024 in the amounts of RMB 20 million and RMB 7 million, respectively.

B. The secured fee and borrowing consulting fee are payable annually at a fixed rate of 1.5% and 0.3%, respectively.

C. The borrowing funds were provided for the use of plant construction and equipment purchased and classified to other current financial assets. Refer to Notes 8 for details.

(13) Other non-current liabilities, others

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Long-term deferred revenue | \$ 32,510 | \$ 32,825 |

Long-term deferred revenue pertains to the subsidies of construction project granted by the management committee of Chengdu High-tech Industrial Development Zone, People's Republic of China to support the construction project of the base for the Group's research, development and production of ADI-PEG20 and other antineoplastic drugs. Long-term deferred revenue has been transferred to other gains year by year according to the remaining useful life of the plant. The amount

transferred to other gains for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$797 and \$820, respectively.

(14) Pensions

The Group has adopted a defined contribution pension plan (the “New Plan”) under the Labor Pension Act (the “Act”), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. Nationality. Other consolidated entities have also adopted a defined contribution pension plan under the local regulations and contribute salaries and wages of the local employees to the endowment insurance or pension fund. Other than the annual contributions, the entities have no further obligations. Under the New Plan, the Group contributes monthly an amount based on a certain percentage of the salaries and wages to the pension. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations. Details of the relevant pension expense are as follows:

| | <u>Year ended December 31, 2022</u> | <u>Year ended December 31, 2021</u> |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Defined contribution plans | <u>\$ 1,128</u> | <u>\$ 993</u> |

(15) Share-based payment

A. As of December 31, 2022, the contents of the share-based payment arrangements issued by the Group whose objects were the Company's stocks are as follows:

Equity settled

| <u>Type of arrangement</u> | <u>Grant date</u> | <u>Quantity granted</u> | <u>Contract period</u> | <u>Vesting conditions</u> |
|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Stock options | 2012.02.21 | 1,735,999 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2012.02.28 | 480,000 | 10 years | Vested immediately |
| Stock options | 2012.08.01 | 1,990,500 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2012.10.10 | 88,000 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2012.10.10 | 20,000 | 10 years | 2 years' service |
| Stock options | 2013.05.20 | 2,204,000 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2013.09.13 | 276,000 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2014.08.15 | 3,706,400 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2014.11.24 | 520,000 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2014.11.24 | 4,000 | 10 years | 2 years' service |
| Stock options | 2014.12.30 | 400,000 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2015.04.15 | 519,999 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2015.07.07 | 128,000 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2015.10.30 | 312,000 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2015.11.17 | 3,128,000 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2018.01.03 | 6,111,000 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2018.05.31 | 210,000 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2019.11.20 | 1,788,000 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2020.04.01 | 4,697,000 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2021.06.24 | 818,000 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2021.12.13 | 640,000 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2022.05.10 | 570,000 | 10 years | 4 years' service |
| Stock options | 2022.12.24 | 7,262,500 | 10 years | 4 years' service |

B. Details of the Company's share-based payment arrangements are as follows:

| | 2022 | | 2021 | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|--|
| | No. of options | Weighted-average exercise price (in USD) | No. of options | Weighted-average exercise price (in USD) |
| Options outstanding at January 1 | 14,684,373 | \$ 1.39 | 17,114,766 | \$ 1.28 |
| Options granted | 7,832,500 | 3.38 | 1,458,000 | 2.47 |
| Options exercised | (3,203,269) | 0.88 | (1,943,713) | 0.96 |
| Options forfeited | (739,482) | 1.24 | (1,944,680) | 1.63 |
| Options outstanding at December 31 | <u>18,574,122</u> | 2.33 | <u>14,684,373</u> | 1.39 |
| Options exercisable at December 31 | <u>7,336,933</u> | 1.64 | <u>7,823,076</u> | 1.76 |

C. The weighted-average stock price of stock options at exercise dates for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 was US\$3.83 (in dollars) and US\$2.6 (in dollars), respectively.

D. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the range of exercise prices of the Company's stock options issued and outstanding was US\$0.33 (in dollars) ~ US\$4.15 (in dollars) and US\$0.33 (in dollars) ~ US\$3.30 (in dollars), respectively; the weighted-average remaining contractual period was 4.33 years and 6.05 years, respectively.

E. The fair value of stock options granted on grant date is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information on December 31, 2022 is as follows:

| Type of arrangement | Grant date | Stock price (USD) | Exercise price (USD) | Expected price volatility (Note) | Expected option life (Year) | Expected dividends | Risk-free interest rate | Fair value per unit (USD) |
|---------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Stock options | 2012.02.21 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 80.00% | 5.05~6.05 | - | 0.96~1.24% | 0.56~0.60 |
| Stock options | 2012.02.28 | 0.88 | 1.17 | 80.00% | 5.00 | - | 0.87% | 0.51 |
| Stock options | 2012.08.01 | 1.18 | 1.25 | 80.00% | 5.39~5.62 | - | 0.80% | 0.76~0.77 |
| Stock options | 2012.10.10 | 1.18 | 1.25 | 80.00% | 5.46~5.51 | - | 0.79% | 0.75~0.76 |
| Stock options | 2013.05.20 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 75.00% | 5.81~6.11 | - | 1.09% | 0.97~0.99 |
| Stock options | 2013.09.13 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 72.50% | 5.91~6.08 | - | 2.01% | 0.97~0.98 |
| Stock options | 2014.08.15 | 2.06 | 2.06 | 49.65% | 5.00 | - | 1.77% | 0.92 |
| Stock options | 2014.11.24 | 1.93 | 1.93 | 67.50% | 6.00 | - | 1.82% | 1.18 |
| Stock options | 2014.12.30 | 1.93 | 1.93 | 66.00% | 6.00 | - | 1.84% | 1.16 |
| Stock options | 2015.04.15 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 64.00% | 6.00 | - | 1.50% | 1.47 |
| Stock options | 2015.07.07 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 63.00% | 6.00 | - | 1.77% | 1.46 |
| Stock options | 2015.10.30 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 63.50% | 6.00 | - | 1.70% | 1.46 |
| Stock options | 2015.11.17 | 3.30 | 3.30 | 63.50% | 6.00 | - | 1.84% | 1.94 |
| Stock options | 2018.01.03 | 1.95 | 1.68 | 45.00% | 6.00 | - | 2.30% | 0.98 |
| Stock options | 2018.05.31 | 1.93 | 1.68 | 45.00% | 6.00 | - | 2.71% | 0.98 |
| Stock options | 2019.11.20 | 0.33 | 0.33 | 45.00% | 7.00 | - | 1.65% | 0.17 |
| Stock options | 2020.04.01 | 0.47 | 0.47 | 45.00% | 7.00 | - | 0.51% | 0.22 |
| Stock options | 2021.06.24 | 2.40 | 2.39 | 47.76% | 7.00 | - | 1.26% | 1.19 |
| Stock options | 2021.12.13 | 2.57 | 2.56 | 45.71% | 7.00 | - | 1.37% | 1.24 |
| Stock options | 2022.05.10 | 4.17 | 4.15 | 46.37% | 7.00 | - | 2.97% | 2.16 |
| Stock options | 2022.12.24 | 3.32 | 3.32 | 45.79% | 7.00 | - | 3.56% | 1.74 |

Note: Expected price volatility rate was estimated by using the stock prices of the most recent period with length of this period approximate to the length of the stock options' expected life, and the standard deviation of return on the stock during this period.

F. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions of the Company are shown below:

| | 2022 | | 2021 | |
|---|------|---------|------|--------|
| Equity-settled | | | | |
| Compensation cost of employee stock options | \$ | 70,590 | \$ | 21,317 |
| Unfinished construction | | 932 | | - |
| Cash capital increase | | 55,683 | | - |
| Cash-settled (Note) | (| 33,083) | | 26,709 |
| | \$ | 94,122 | \$ | 48,026 |

Note: All cash-settled share-based payments were converted to equity-settled after the Company was listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange on June 6, 2022, and thus the Company wrote-off the existing payable on share-based payments.

G. Liabilities arising from the Company's share-based payment transactions are shown below:

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Liabilities on cash-settled share-based payment | \$ - | \$ 26,961 |
| Total intrinsic value of liabilities for which the vesting conditions have been met | - | 19,788 |

(16) Share capital

- A. As of December 31, 2022, the Company's authorised capital was \$10,000,000, consisting of 1,000,000 thousand shares of ordinary stock, and the paid-in capital was \$7,420,484 with a par value of NT\$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.
- B. The Company's Board of Directors had resolved the capital increase by issuing new shares before initial listing on March 29, 2022. The subscription price of the capital increase was NT\$82 (in dollars) per share, the number of shares issued was 20,000 thousand shares, the effective date of subscription was May 25, 2022 and the effective date of capital increase was June 1, 2022. All proceeds from the capital increase have been collected.
- C. Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows:

| | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| At January 1 | 718,845,109 | 652,901,396 |
| Cash capital increase | 20,000,000 | 64,000,000 |
| Employee stock options exercised | 3,203,269 | 1,943,713 |
| At December 31 | <u>742,048,378</u> | <u>718,845,109</u> |

(17) Capital surplus

| | <u>2022</u> | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| | <u>Share premium</u> | <u>Employee stock options</u> | <u>Expired conversion options</u> | <u>Net change in equity of associates</u> | <u>Total</u> |
| At January 1 | \$ 9,279,846 | \$ 529,569 | \$ 7,637 | \$ 6,948 | \$ 9,824,000 |
| Cash capital increase | 1,528,539 | - | - | - | 1,528,539 |
| Employee stock options exercised | 98,480 | (46,399) | - | - | 52,081 |
| Compensation cost of employee stock | - | 71,522 | - | - | 71,522 |
| At December 31 | <u>\$ 10,906,865</u> | <u>\$ 554,692</u> | <u>\$ 7,637</u> | <u>\$ 6,948</u> | <u>\$ 11,476,142</u> |

| | 2021 | | | | |
|---|---------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | Share premium | Employee stock options | Expired conversion options | Net change in equity of associates | Total |
| At January 1 | \$ 4,732,778 | \$ 542,091 | \$ 7,637 | \$ 8,224 | \$ 5,290,730 |
| Cash capital increase | 4,480,000 | - | - | - | 4,480,000 |
| Employee stock options exercised | 67,068 | (33,839) | - | - | 33,229 |
| Compensation cost of employee stock | - | 21,317 | - | - | 21,317 |
| Changes in ownership interest in associates accounted for using the equity method | - | - | - | (1,276) | (1,276) |
| At December 31 | <u>\$ 9,279,846</u> | <u>\$ 529,569</u> | <u>\$ 7,637</u> | <u>\$ 6,948</u> | <u>\$ 9,824,000</u> |

A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

B. Refer to Notes 6(15) for the information of capital surplus - stock options.

(18) Retained earnings

A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve. The remainder, if any, to be retained or to be appropriated shall be resolved by the stockholders at the stockholders' meeting.

B. Under the Group's Articles of Incorporation, at least 10% of the distributable earnings for the current year shall be appropriated as dividends, and cash dividends shall account for at least 10% of the total dividends distributed for the current year. The Group did not distribute dividends for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

C. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.

(19) Operating revenue

| | Year ended December 31, 2022 | Year ended December 31, 2021 |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Contract development and manufacturing service | \$ 6,439 | \$ 15,041 |

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of services over time in the United States.

(20) Other gains and losses

| | Year ended December 31, 2022 | Year ended December 31, 2021 |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Gains on government grants | \$ 4,274 | \$ - |
| Income from PPP loan forgiveness | - | 65,396 |
| Gains on disposals of investments | - | 18,757 |
| Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment (Notes 6(8)) | - | (75,368) |
| Foreign exchange (losses) gains | (19,035) | 349 |
| Losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | (18,408) | (1,992) |
| Other gains | 884 | 1,049 |
| | <u>(\$ 32,285)</u> | <u>\$ 8,191</u> |

(21) Finance costs

| | Year ended December 31, 2022 | Year ended December 31, 2021 |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Interest expense | | |
| Bank borrowings | \$ 7,294 | \$ 12,434 |
| Lease liabilities | 3,757 | 2,240 |
| | <u>\$ 11,051</u> | <u>\$ 14,674</u> |

(22) Operating costs and expenses by nature

| <u>Year ended December 31, 2022</u> | <u>Operating costs</u> | <u>Operating expenses</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| Employee benefit expense | \$ 3,055 | \$ 433,099 | \$ 436,154 |
| Contracted research expense and consumables expense | 1,067 | 220,496 | 221,563 |
| Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment | 395 | 111,242 | 111,637 |
| Professional fee | - | 149,713 | 149,713 |
| Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets | 44 | 31,821 | 31,865 |
| Traveling expense and entertainment expense | - | 8,982 | 8,982 |
| Amortisation charges on intangible assets | - | 213 | 213 |
| Other expenses | 463 | 203,396 | 203,859 |
| | <u>\$ 5,024</u> | <u>\$ 1,158,962</u> | <u>\$ 1,163,986</u> |

| <u>Year ended December 31, 2021</u> | <u>Operating costs</u> | <u>Operating expenses</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Employee benefit expense | \$ 5,348 | \$ 279,154 | \$ 284,502 |
| Contracted research expense and consumables expense | 5,577 | 136,359 | 141,936 |
| Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment | 1,266 | 132,681 | 133,947 |
| Professional fee | - | 55,576 | 55,576 |
| Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets | 85 | 19,827 | 19,912 |
| Traveling expense and entertainment expense | - | 3,648 | 3,648 |
| Amortisation charges on intangible assets | - | 210 | 210 |
| Other expenses | 668 | 106,559 | 107,227 |
| | <u>\$ 12,944</u> | <u>\$ 734,014</u> | <u>\$ 746,958</u> |

(23) Employee benefit expense

| <u>Year ended December 31, 2022</u> | <u>Operating costs</u> | <u>Operating expenses</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Wages and salaries | \$ 2,580 | \$ 278,762 | \$ 281,342 |
| Employee stock options | - | 93,190 | 93,190 |
| Labour and health insurance fees | 475 | 46,160 | 46,635 |
| Pension costs | - | 1,128 | 1,128 |
| Other personnel expenses | - | 13,859 | 13,859 |
| | <u>\$ 3,055</u> | <u>\$ 433,099</u> | <u>\$ 436,154</u> |

| <u>Year ended December 31, 2021</u> | <u>Operating costs</u> | <u>Operating expenses</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Wages and salaries | \$ 4,535 | \$ 192,831 | \$ 197,366 |
| Employee stock options | - | 48,026 | 48,026 |
| Labour and health insurance fees | 813 | 31,265 | 32,078 |
| Pension costs | - | 992 | 992 |
| Other personnel expenses | - | 6,040 | 6,040 |
| | <u>\$ 5,348</u> | <u>\$ 279,154</u> | <u>\$ 284,502</u> |

- A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees 'compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall not be lower than 1% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration.
- B. The Company did not recognise employees' compensation and directors' remuneration for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

(24) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

| | <u>Year ended December 31, 2022</u> | <u>Year ended December 31, 2021</u> |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Current tax: | | |
| Current tax on profits for the year | <u>\$ 5,534</u> | <u>\$ 777</u> |

(b) Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit

| | Year ended December 31, 2022 | Year ended December 31, 2021 |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Tax calculated based on profit before tax and statutory tax rate (Note) | (\$ 40,289) | (\$ 51,418) |
| Expenses disallowed by tax regulation | (27,721) | 20 |
| Tax exempt income by tax regulation | (12,312) | (17,093) |
| Effect from Alternative Minimum Tax | 4,631 | 777 |
| Temporary difference and taxable loss not recognised as deferred tax assets | 87,374 | 76,450 |
| Others | (6,149) | (7,959) |
| Income tax expense | <u>\$ 5,534</u> | <u>\$ 777</u> |

Note: The basis for computing the applicable tax rate are the rates applicable in the respective countries where the Group entities operate.

B. Expiration dates of unused tax losses and amounts of unrecognised deferred tax assets are as follows:

| December 31, 2022 | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Year incurred | Unused amount | Unrecognised deferred tax assets | Expiry year |
| 2009 to 2022 | <u>\$ 2,928,768</u> | <u>\$ 2,928,768</u> | 2023~indefinite |

| December 31, 2021 | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Year incurred | Unused amount | Unrecognised deferred tax assets | Expiry year |
| 2009 to 2021 | <u>\$ 2,346,607</u> | <u>\$ 2,346,607</u> | 2022~indefinite |

The abovementioned unused amount and unrecognised deferred tax assets mainly occurred in the subsidiaries of the Group, Polaris Pharmaceuticals, Inc., DesigneRx Pharmaceuticals, Inc., TDW Pharmaceuticals Inc. and DesigneRx Pharmaceuticals (Chengdu) Co., Ltd.

C. Details of the amount the Group is entitled as investment tax credit and unrecognised deferred tax assets are as follows:

| December 31, 2022 | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--------------|
| Qualifying items | Year incurred | Unused tax credits- federal tax | Unrecognised deferred tax assets | Expiry year |
| Research and development expenditures | 2006 to 2022 | <u>\$ 77,506</u> | <u>\$ 77,506</u> | 2026 to 2042 |

| December 31, 2021 | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Qualifying items | Year incurred | Unused tax credits- federal tax | Unrecognised deferred tax assets | Expiry year |
| Research and development expenditures | 2005 to 2021 | \$ 83,803 | \$ 83,803 | 2025 to 2041 |

| December 31, 2022 | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|
| Qualifying items | Year incurred | Unused tax credits- state tax | Unrecognised deferred tax assets | Expiry year |
| Research and development expenditures | 2003 to 2022 | \$ 109,136 | \$ 109,136 | Indefinite |

| December 31, 2021 | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|
| Qualifying items | Year incurred | Unused tax credits- state tax | Unrecognised deferred tax assets | Expiry year |
| Research and development expenditures | 2003 to 2021 | \$ 91,252 | \$ 91,252 | Indefinite |

The abovementioned unused tax credits and unrecognised deferred tax assets mainly occurred in the US subsidiaries of the Group, Polaris Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and DesigneRx Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

- D. The amounts of deductible temporary difference that are not recognised as deferred tax assets are as follows:

| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Deductible temporary differences | \$ 627,807 | \$ 581,425 |

- E. The income tax returns of the Group's Taiwan subsidiary, TDW Pharmaceuticals Inc., through 2020 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(25) Loss per share

| | Year ended December 31, 2022 | |
|--|------------------------------|----------------|
| | Amount after tax | Loss per share |
| <u>Basic and diluted loss per share</u> | | |
| Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent | (\$ 1,150,433) | (\$ 1.57) |

| | <u>Year ended December 31, 2021</u> | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | <u>Amount after tax</u> | <u>Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)</u> | <u>Loss per share (in dollars)</u> |
| <u>Basic and diluted loss per share</u> | | | |
| Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent | (\$ 740,487) | 680,096 | (\$ 1.09) |

Note: Only the calculation of basic loss per share is shown as the Group had loss for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 and anti-dilutive effect might arise if potential ordinary shares such as employee stock options were included in the calculation.

(26) Supplemental cash flow information

Investing activities with partial cash payments

| | <u>Year ended December 31, 2022</u> | <u>Year ended December 31, 2021</u> |
|--|---|---|
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | \$ 70,782 | \$ 198,982 |
| Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment and construction | 1,543 | 6,355 |
| Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment and construction | (3,037) | (1,543) |
| Add: Other current financial assets (Note) | 345 | 549 |
| Cash paid during the year | <u>\$ 69,633</u> | <u>\$ 204,343</u> |

Note: Refer to Notes 8 for details.

(27) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

| | <u>2022</u> | |
|--|---|--|
| | <u>Long-term and short- term borrowings</u> | <u>Long-term and short- term lease liabilities</u> |
| At January 1 | \$ 395,212 | \$ 41,538 |
| Changes in cash flow from financing activities | (299,387) | (28,491) |
| Changes in other non-cash items | - | 246,081 |
| Effect of foreign exchange | 23,161 | 4,504 |
| At December 31 | <u>\$ 118,986</u> | <u>\$ 263,632</u> |

| | <u>2021</u> | |
|--|---|--|
| | <u>Long-term and short- term borrowings</u> | <u>Long-term and short- term lease liabilities</u> |
| At January 1 | \$ 263,667 | \$ 61,920 |
| Changes in cash flow from financing activities | 197,676 | (18,998) |
| Changes in other non-cash items | (64,964) | - |
| Effect of foreign exchange | (1,167) | (1,384) |
| At December 31 | <u>\$ 395,212</u> | <u>\$ 41,538</u> |

7. Related Party Transactions

(1) Names of related parties and relationship

| <u>Names of related parties</u> | <u>Relationship with the Company</u> |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Acepodia Biotechnologies, Limited | Other related parties |

(2) Significant related party transactions

A. Operating expenses - research and development expenses

| | <u>Year ended December 31, 2022</u> | <u>Year ended December 31, 2021</u> |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Other related parties | <u>\$ 511</u> | <u>-</u> |

The Company entered into a research cooperation agreement with Acepodia Biotechnologies, Limited in June 2022. The actual research expenses incurred are allocated to both parties based on the agreement.

B. Other payables

| | <u>Year ended December 31, 2022</u> | <u>Year ended December 31, 2021</u> |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Other related parties | <u>\$ 112</u> | <u>-</u> |

(3) Key management compensation

| | <u>Year ended December 31, 2022</u> | <u>Year ended December 31, 2021</u> |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Short-term employee benefits | \$ 23,333 | \$ 23,341 |
| Pensions | 108 | 108 |
| Share-based payments | 4,120 | 6,321 |
| | <u>\$ 27,561</u> | <u>\$ 29,770</u> |

8. Pledged Assets

The Group's assets pledged as collateral or restricted are as follows:

| Pledged asset | Book value | | Purpose |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|---|
| | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 | |
| Other current financial assets | | | |
| Bank deposits | \$ 3,036 | \$ 1,981 | Special funds and restricted bank deposits (Note 1) |
| Time deposits | - | 332,160 | Secured borrowings, refer to Notes 6(10) |
| | <u>\$ 3,036</u> | <u>\$ 334,141</u> | |
| Guarantee deposits paid | | | |
| Guarantee deposits of investment and lease - time deposits | <u>\$ 19,647</u> | <u>\$ 5,991</u> | Guarantee deposits of investment and land leasing for plant in Yilan (Note 2) |
| Right-of-use assets | | | |
| Land use right | <u>\$ 29,166</u> | <u>\$ 29,449</u> | Secured borrowings, refer to Notes 6(7), (10) and (12) |

Note 1: Certain deposits were deposited in the restricted bank account as such funds can only be used in the construction of plant and purchase of equipment according to the contract entered into with Chengdu Longquanyi District State-owned Assets Investment Management Co., Ltd. and China Minsheng Bank branch in Chengdu. Refer to Notes 6(1) and 6(12) for the details.

Note 2: Referring to guarantee deposits of investment and land leasing paid to Hsinchu Science Park for the construction of plant in Yilan and the lease of land, respectively.

9. Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognised Contract Commitments

(1) Contingencies

The Company entered into an agreement with a research institution in January 2011 to provide investigational drugs for the institution to conduct clinical trials related to the Company's lead therapeutic. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company will subsidise the institution in the amount of US\$950 thousand of research costs if any of the following events occurs: (1) authorising a third party to commercialise and sell the Company's lead therapeutic; (2) sales of the commercialisation rights of the lead therapeutic to a third party; or (3) the Company's acquisition by a third party. As there were still uncertainties in the development of the Company's lead therapeutic, the occurrence

possibility, timing and contingent liabilities of the aforementioned events could not be reasonably estimated yet.

(2) Commitments

The Group's expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred is summarised as follows:

| | <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>December 31, 2021</u> |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Property, plant and equipment | \$ 31,723 | \$ 31,932 |
| Clinical trial plans | <u>15,471</u> | <u>572</u> |
| | <u>\$ 47,194</u> | <u>\$ 32,504</u> |

10. Significant Disaster Loss

None.

11. Significant Events after the Balance Sheet Date

On March 9, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors resolved the second-tier subsidiary of the Company, DesigneRx Pharmaceuticals (Chengdu) Co., Ltd., to obtain a loan amounting to US\$20 million from Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank to meet the operational and repayment needs.

12. Others

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to support the needs of the expansion and upgrading of plants and equipment. Therefore, the Group's capital management is to ensure that there are necessary financial resources and operating plans to maintain or adjust capital structure to support the needs of working capital, capital expenditures, research and development expenses, debt repayment and dividend expenditures in the next year.

(2) Financial instruments

A. Fair value information of financial instruments

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents, current financial assets at amortised cost, investments accounted for using the equity method, accounts receivable, other receivables, other financial assets, guarantee deposits paid, notes payable, other payables, short-term borrowings, long-term borrowings and lease liabilities) are approximate to their fair values. In addition, refer to Notes 12(3) for the fair value information of financial instruments measured at fair value.

B. Financial risk management policies

(a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign exchange risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

(b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under

policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Company's operating units.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the NTD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets or liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency.
- iii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows (unit: in thousands):

| | December 31, 2022 | | | |
|--|---|------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| | Foreign currency amount (In thousands) | Exchange rate | Functional currency (USD) | Book value (NTD) |
| (Foreign currency: functional currency) | | | | |
| <u>Financial assets</u> | | | | |
| <u>Monetary items</u> | | | | |
| RMB:USD | \$ 12,713 | 0.14 | \$ 1,824 | \$ 56,025 |
| NTD:USD | 981,550 | 0.03 | 31,962 | 981,550 |
| <u>Financial liabilities</u> | | | | |
| <u>Monetary items</u> | | | | |
| RMB:USD | \$ 29,238 | 0.14 | \$ 4,196 | \$ 128,849 |
| NTD:USD | 261,592 | 0.03 | 8,518 | 261,592 |

| December 31, 2021 | | | | |
|--|---|------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| (Foreign currency: functional currency) | Foreign currency amount (In thousands) | Exchange rate | Functional currency (USD) | Book value (NTD) |
| <u>Financial assets</u> | | | | |
| <u>Monetary items</u> | | | | |
| RMB:USD | \$ 13,484 | 0.16 | \$ 2,117 | \$ 58,593 |
| NTD:USD | 11,485 | 0.04 | 415 | 11,485 |
| <u>Financial liabilities</u> | | | | |
| <u>Monetary items</u> | | | | |
| RMB:USD | \$ 93,037 | 0.16 | \$ 14,605 | \$ 404,278 |
| NTD:USD | 8,050 | 0.04 | 291 | 8,050 |

iv. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variation (unit: in thousands):

| Year ended December 31, 2022 | | | | |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Sensitivity analysis | | | | |
| (Foreign currency: functional currency) | Degree of variation | Effect on profit or loss (USD) | Effect on profit or loss (NTD) | |
| <u>Financial assets</u> | | | | |
| <u>Monetary items</u> | | | | |
| RMB:USD | 1% | \$ 18 | \$ 560 | |
| NTD:USD | 1% | 320 | 9,816 | |
| <u>Financial liabilities</u> | | | | |
| <u>Monetary items</u> | | | | |
| RMB:USD | 1% | \$ 42 | \$ 1,288 | |
| NTD:USD | 1% | 85 | 2,616 | |

| | Year ended December 31, 2021 | | | |
|---|------------------------------|----|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Sensitivity analysis | | | |
| | Degree of variation | | Effect on profit or loss (USD) | Effect on profit or loss (NTD) |
| (Foreign currency: functional currency) | | | | |
| <u>Financial assets</u> | | | | |
| <u>Monetary items</u> | | | | |
| RMB:USD | 1% | \$ | 21 | \$ 586 |
| NTD:USD | 1% | | 4 | 115 |
| <u>Financial liabilities</u> | | | | |
| <u>Monetary items</u> | | | | |
| RMB:USD | 1% | \$ | 146 | \$ 4,043 |
| NTD:USD | 1% | | 3 | 80 |

- v. The total exchange (loss) gain, including realised and unrealised, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 amounted to (\$19,035) and \$349, respectively.

Price risk

- i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise shares issued by the domestic and foreign companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 would have increased/decreased by \$1,560 and \$1,141, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortised cost, at fair value through profit or loss and at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- ii. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new counterparties before standard payment terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the counterparties, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance

with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions. For banks and financial institutions, only rated parties with an optimal credit rating are accepted.

iii. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days. The Group's accounts receivable was generated from the customers with an optimal credit. The book value of accounts receivable on December 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$461 and \$4,930, respectively. The expected credit impairment is insignificant based on the assessment.

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational and research and development needs. Such forecasting takes into consideration the compliance with internal project technology research and development schedule targets.
- ii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows:

| December 31, 2022 | Less than 1 year | Between 1 and 2 years | Between 2 and 5 years | Over 5 years |
|---|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| <u>Non-derivative financial liabilities</u> | | | | |
| Other payables | \$ 130,057 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Long-term and short-term borrowings | 89,618 | 31,218 | - | - |
| Lease liability | 36,504 | 24,673 | 52,110 | 175,978 |

| December 31, 2021 | Less than 1 year | Between 1 and 2 years | Between 2 and 5 years | Over 5 years |
|---|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| <u>Non-derivative financial liabilities</u> | | | | |
| Other payables | \$ 138,652 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Long-term and short-term borrowings | 283,686 | 88,319 | 30,720 | - |
| Lease liability | 21,628 | 16,197 | 5,720 | - |

(3) Fair value information

A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in beneficiary certificates, and on-the-run US corporate bonds is included in Level 1

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in unlisted stocks and stock options is included in Level 3.

B. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities at December 31, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

(a) The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

| <u>December 31, 2022</u> | <u>Level 1</u> | <u>Level 2</u> | <u>Level 3</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|---|-------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|
| <u>Recurring fair value measurements</u> | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | | | | |
| -Equity investments | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 49,998 | \$ 49,998 |
| -Bond investments | 66,802 | - | - | 66,802 |
| -Beneficiary certificates | 39,188 | - | - | 39,188 |
| | <u>\$ 105,990</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 49,998</u> | <u>\$ 155,988</u> |
| <u>December 31, 2021</u> | <u>Level 1</u> | <u>Level 2</u> | <u>Level 3</u> | <u>Total</u> |
| <u>Recurring fair value measurements</u> | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | | | | |
| -Equity investments | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 45,065 | \$ 45,065 |
| -Bond investments | 26,598 | - | - | 26,598 |
| -Beneficiary certificates | 42,446 | - | - | 42,446 |
| | <u>\$ 69,044</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 45,065</u> | <u>\$ 114,109</u> |

(b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

- i. The Group used market quoted prices as the fair values (that is, Level 1) of the corporate bonds and beneficiary certificates.
- ii. Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty

quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance.

C. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.

D. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| At January 1 | \$ 45,065 | \$ - |
| Transfers into level 3 | - | 45,860 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes | 4,933 | (795) |
| At December 31 | <u>\$ 49,998</u> | <u>\$ 45,065</u> |

E. Treasury segment is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments, and take the latest cash capital increase price as a reference.

F. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

| | Fair value at December 31, 2022 | Valuation technique | Significant unobservable input | Range (weighted average) | Relationship of inputs to fair value |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Non-derivative equity | | | | | |
| Unlisted shares | \$ 49,998 | Most recent non-active market price | Not applicable | Not applicable | Not applicable |

| | Fair value at December 31, 2021 | Valuation technique | Significant unobservable input | Range (weighted average) | Relationship of inputs to fair value |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Non-derivative equity instrument: | | | | | |
| Unlisted shares | \$ 45,065 | Most recent non-active market price | Not applicable | Not applicable | Not applicable |

13. Supplementary Disclosures

(1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: Please refer to table 4.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 6.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: None.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 7.

(2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China) : Please refer to table 8.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 9.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: None.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 10.

14. Segment Information

(1) General information

The Group operates business only in a single industry, which is the development of new drugs. The chief operating decision-maker (Board of Directors), who allocates resources and assesses

performance of the Group as a whole, has identified that the Group has only one reportable operating segment.

(2) Measurement of segment information

- A. Segment income (loss) of the Group is measured using the pre-tax operating margin and is used as a basis for performance assessment. The accounting policies and accounting estimates of operating segment are in agreement with the summary of significant accounting policies and the critical accounting estimates and assumption described in Notes 4 and 5.
- B. The financial information reported to the chief operating decision-maker is consistent with the financial information in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and use a consistent measurement method.

(3) Geographical information

Geographical information for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

| | <u>Year ended December 31, 2022</u> | | <u>Year ended December 31, 2021</u> | |
|--------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | <u>Revenue</u> | <u>Non-current assets</u> | <u>Revenue</u> | <u>Non-current assets</u> |
| US | \$ 6,439 | \$ 276,534 | \$ 15,041 | \$ 321,971 |
| China | - | 1,054,561 | - | 1,076,183 |
| Taiwan | - | 264,626 | - | 3,744 |
| | <u>\$ 6,439</u> | <u>\$ 1,595,721</u> | <u>\$ 15,041</u> | <u>\$ 1,401,898</u> |

Non-current assets refer to property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets and other non-current assets, others.

Polaris Group and subsidiaries

Loans to others

Year ended December 31, 2022

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

| No. (Note 1) | Creditor | Borrower | General ledger account | Is a related party | Maximum outstanding balance during the year ended December 31, 2022 | Balance at December 31, 2022 | Actual amount drawn down | Interest rate | Nature of loan | Amount of transactions with the borrower | Reason for short-term financing | Allowance for doubtful accounts | Collateral | | Limit on loans granted to a single party | Ceiling on total loans granted | Footnote |
|-----------------|------------------------------|---|--|--------------------|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|----------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|-------|--|--------------------------------|--------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Item | Value | | | |
| 0 | Polaris Group | DesigneRx Pharmaceuticals (Chengdu) Co., Ltd. | Finance receivables due from related parties | Yes | 614,200 | 614,200 | 614,200 | 1.33% 3.3% | Short-term financing | - | Working capital | - | - | - | 867,406 | 3,469,622 | Note 2 and 3 |
| 1 | Polaris Pharmaceutical, Inc. | Polaris Pharmaceuticals Australia Pty Ltd. | Finance receivables due from related parties | Yes | 30,710 | 30,710 | 25,796 | 1.83% | Short-term financing | - | Working capital | - | - | - | 217,563 | 217,563 | Note 4 |

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

(1) The Company is '0'.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Limit on loans for short-term financing granted by the Company to a single party is 10% of the Company's net assets in the latest audited and attested or reviewed financial statements.

Note 3: Ceiling on total loans for short-term financing granted by the Company to a single party is 40% of the Company's net assets in the latest audited and attested or reviewed financial statements.

Note 4: Limit on loans and ceiling on total loans for short-term financing granted between the overseas subsidiaries whose voting rights are wholly-owned by the Company is the creditor's net assets in the latest audited and attested or reviewed financial statements.

Polaris Group and subsidiaries
Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others
Year ended December 31, 2022

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

| Number (Note 1) | Endorser/guarantor | Party being endorsed/ guaranteed | | Limit on endorsements/ guarantees provided for a single party (Note 3) | Maximum outstanding guarantee amount as of December 31, 2022 (Note 4) | Outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount at December 31, 2022 (Note 5) | Actual amount drawn down (Note 6) | Amount of endorsements /guarantees secured with collateral | Ratio of accumulated endorsement/ guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/guarantor company | Ceiling on total amount of endorsements/ guarantees provided (Note 3) | Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by parent company to subsidiary (Note 7) | Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by parent company (Note 7) | Provision of endorsements /guarantees to the party in Mainland China (Note 7) | Footnote |
|--------------------|--------------------|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|----------|
| | | Relationship with the endorser/guarantor (Note 2) | Company name | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | Polaris Group | 2 | DesigneRx Pharmaceuticals (Chengdu) Co., Ltd. | \$17,348,112 | \$ 368,520 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | 0.00 | \$ 26,022,168 | Y | N | Y | Note 3 |

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following seven categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

- (1) Having business relationship.
- (2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.
- (3) The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor parent company.
- (4) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
- (5) Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract.
- (6) Due to joint venture, all shareholders provide endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.
- (7) Joint guarantee of the performance guarantee for pre-sold home sales contract as required under the Consumer Protection Act.

Note 3: Ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees that the Company provided to others is 300% of the Company's net assets and limit on endorsements/guarantees provided for a single party is 200% of the Company's net assets.

Note 4: Fill in the year-to-date maximum outstanding balance of endorsements/guarantees provided as of the reporting period.

Note 5: Fill in the amount approved by the Board of Directors or the chairman if the chairman has been authorised by the Board of Directors based on subparagraph 8, Article 12 of the Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of
by Public Companies.

Note 6: Fill in the actual amount of endorsements/guarantees used by the endorsed/guaranteed company.

Note 7: Fill in 'Y' for those cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company to subsidiary and provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, and provision to the party in Mainland China.

Polaris Group and subsidiaries
Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)
Year ended December 31, 2022

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

| Securities held by | Marketable securities (Note 1) | Relationship with the securities issuer (Note 2) | General ledger account | As of December 31, 2022 | | | | Footnote (Note 4) |
|--------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------|------------|-------------------|
| | | | | Number of shares | Book value (Note 3) | Ownership (%) | Fair value | |
| Polaris Group | LAUNXP Biomedical Co., Ltd. | Not applicable | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 3,000,000 | \$ 49,998 | 16.66% | \$ 49,998 | None |
| Polaris Group | AT&T Inc Bond 3.5% | Not applicable | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | Not applicable | \$ 20,094 | Not applicable | \$ 20,094 | None |
| Polaris Group | First Bank Fund | Not applicable | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | Not applicable | \$ 18,306 | Not applicable | \$ 18,306 | None |
| Polaris Group | SCSB 4Y Maturity Bond Collective Trust Account (OBU) | Not applicable | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | Not applicable | \$ 20,882 | Not applicable | \$ 20,882 | None |
| Polaris Group | Soft Bank Bond 5.25% | Not applicable | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | Not applicable | \$ 46,708 | Not applicable | \$ 46,708 | None |

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Leave the column blank if the issuer of marketable securities is non-related party.

Note 3: Fill in the amount after adjusted at fair value and deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities measured at fair value; fill in the acquisition cost or amortised cost deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable not measured at fair value.

Note 4: The number of shares of securities and their amounts pledged as security or pledged for loans and their restrictions on use under some agreements should be stated in the footnote if the securities presented herein have such conditions.

Polaris Group and subsidiaries
Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital
Year ended December 31, 2022

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

| Investor | Marketable securities (Note 1) | General ledger account | Counterparty (Note 2) | Relationship with the investor (Note 2) | Balance as at January 1, 2022 | | Addition (Note 3) | | Disposal (Note 3) | | | Balance as at December 31, 2022 | | | |
|-------------|--------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|------------|---------------------------------|------------------|-------------|--------------|
| | | | | | Number of shares | Amount | Number of shares | Amount | Number of shares | Selling price | Book value | Gain (loss) on disposal | Number of shares | Amount | |
| The Company | Stocks | Investments accounted for using the equity method | Polaris Biopharmaceuticals, Inc. | Subsidiaries | - | \$ - | 100,000,000 | \$ 1,000,000 | - | \$ - | - | \$ - | - | 100,000,000 | \$ 1,000,000 |
| The Company | Stocks | Investments accounted for using the equity method | DesigneRx Pharmaceuticals, Inc. | Subsidiaries | 75,179,257 | \$ 1,753,470 | 13,000,000 | \$ 381,140 | - | \$ - | - | \$ - | - | 88,179,257 | \$ 2,134,610 |

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Fill in the columns the counterparty and relationship if securities are accounted for under the equity method; otherwise leave the columns blank.

Note 3: Aggregate purchases and sales amounts should be calculated separately at their market values to verify whether they individually reach NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more.

Polaris Group and subsidiaries
Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more
Year ended December 31, 2022

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

| Purchaser/seller | Counterparty | Relationship with the counterparty | Transaction | | | | Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions | | Notes/accounts receivable (payable) | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|---|-------------|-------------------------------------|---|------|
| | | | Purchases (sales) | Amount | Percentage of total purchases (sales) | Credit term | Unit price | Credit term | Balance | Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable) | Note |
| Polaris Pharmaceutical, Inc. | Polaris Group | Parent company to subsidiary | Service revenue | \$ 108,051 | 1678.06% | 1 year | - | - | \$ 109,842 | 23826.92% | Note |

Note: Except that there is no relevant similar transaction to follow, the transaction conditions are determined by both parties through negotiation, and the rest is similar to the general transaction conditions.

Polaris Group and subsidiaries
 Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more
 Year ended December 31, 2022

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD
 (Except as otherwise indicated)

| Creditor | Counterparty | Relationship with the counterparty | Balance as at December 31, 2022 | Turnover rate | Overdue receivables | | Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date | Allowance for doubtful accounts |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| | | | | | Amount | Action taken | | |
| Polaris Pharmaceutical, Inc. | Polaris Group | Parent company | \$ 109,842 | 95% | \$ - | Subsequent collection | \$ 109,842 | \$ - |

Polaris Group and subsidiaries
 Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods
 Year ended December 31, 2022

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD
 (Except as otherwise indicated)

| Number (Note 1) | Company name | Counterparty | Relationship (Note 2) | Transaction | | | Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3) |
|--------------------|---------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|---|
| | | | | General ledger account | Amount | Transaction terms | |
| 0 | Polaris Group | Polaris Pharmaceutical, Inc. | Parent company to subsidiary | Payables to related parties | \$ 109,842 | Note 3 | 1.19% |
| 0 | Polaris Group | Polaris Pharmaceutical, Inc. | Parent company to subsidiary | Research and development expenses | \$ 108,051 | Note 3 | 1678.06% |

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):

- (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: The transaction terms of significant inter-company transactions are similar with the normal transaction terms except for circumstances in which there are no similar transactions for reference and the terms will be negotiated and determined by both parties.

Note 4: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

Note 5: The Company may decide to disclose or not to disclose transaction details in this table based on the Materiality Principle.

Polaris Group and subsidiaries
Information on investees
Year ended December 31, 2022

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

| Investor | Investee | Location | Main business activities | Initial investment amount | | Shares held as at December 31, 2022 | | | Net profit (loss) of the | Investment income | Footnote |
|-------------|--|-------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------|---|--|----------|
| | | | | Balance as at December 31, 2022 | Balance as at December 31, 2021 | Number of shares | Ownership (%) | Book value | investee for the year ended December 31, 2022 | (loss) recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022 | |
| The Company | Polaris Pharmaceuticals, Inc. | U.S.A | Research and development of biotechnology | \$ 150,995 | \$ 150,995 | 23,000 | 100% | \$ 217,563 | (\$ 35,856) | (\$ 35,856) | |
| The Company | Polaris Group Korea Limited | South Korea | Biotechnology services | 1,159 | 1,159 | 3,184 | 100% | - | (75) | (75) | |
| The Company | DesignRx Europe Limited | U.K. | Biotechnology services | - | - | 1 | 100% | - | - | - | Note 1 |
| The Company | Polaris Pharmaceuticals Australia Pty Ltd. | Australia | Biotechnology services | 2 | 2 | 100 | 100% | (30,589) | (3,961) | (3,961) | |
| The Company | Polaris Pharmaceuticals Ireland Limited | Ireland | Biotechnology services | 4 | 4 | 100 | 100% | - | - | - | |
| The Company | DesignRx Pharmaceuticals, Inc. | U.S.A | Research, development and manufacture of new drugs | 2,134,610 | 1,753,470 | 88,179,257 | 100% | 287,846 | (489,300) | (489,300) | |
| The Company | TDW Pharmaceuticals Inc. | Taiwan | Biotechnology services and medicine inspection | 903,612 | 853,612 | 43,800,000 | 100% | 48,498 | (10,572) | (10,572) | |
| The Company | TDW HK Limited | Hong Kong | Holding company | 1,416,405 | 1,416,405 | 45,300,001 | 100% | 549,975 | (209,723) | (209,723) | |
| The Company | Nanotein Technologies, Inc. | U.S.A | Biotechnology services and medicine inspection | 70,884 | 70,884 | 3,696,357 | 41.00% | 74,102 | (21,466) | (8,755) | Note 2 |
| The Company | Polaris Biopharmaceuticals, Inc. | Taiwan | Research, development and manufacture of new drugs and CDMO services | 1,000,000 | - | 100,000,000 | 100% | 988,242 | (14,606) | (14,606) | |

Note 1: The initial investment amount is 1 GBP.

Note 2: The investee is the indirect associate of the Company.

Polaris Group and subsidiaries
Information on investments in Mainland China
Year ended December 31, 2022

Table 9

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

| Investee in Mainland China | Main business activities | Paid-in capital | Investment method (Note 1) | Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2022 | Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the year ended December 31, 2022 | | | Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of December 31, 2022 | Net income of investee as of December 31, 2022 | Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect) | Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022 (Note 2) | Book value of investments in Mainland China as of December 31, 2022 | Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of December 31, 2022 | Footnote |
|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--|---|-------------------------|------|--|--|--|--|---|---|----------|
| | | | | | Remitted to Mainland China | Remitted back to Taiwan | | | | | | | | |
| DesigneRx Pharmaceuticals (Shanghai) Inc. | Research and development of new drugs | \$ 108,950 | Note 1 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 357 | 100% | \$ 357 | \$ 3,221 | \$ - | | |
| DesigneRx Pharmaceuticals (Chengdu) Co., Ltd. | Research and development of new drugs | 1,413,200 | Note 1 | - | - | - | - | (210,011) | 100% | (210,011) | 544,404 | - | | |

Note 1: Through investing in TDW HK Limited, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

Note 2: The investment income (loss) was recognised based on the financial statements that were audited by the Group's CPA.

Polaris Group and subsidiaries
Major shareholders information
December 31, 2022

Table 10

| Name of major shareholders | Shares | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| | Number of shares held | Ownership (%) |
| Digital Capital Inc. | 290,000,000 | 39.08% |
| Digital Mobile Venture Ltd. | 61,729,295 | 8.31% |
| MAI INVESTMENT CO., LTD. | 40,527,138 | 5.46% |